

Online Appendix

Table A1: Descriptive Statistics for the Cross Sectional Time Series Analysis

	Mean	Standard Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Religious legislation	.209	.171	0	.844
Religious discrimination toward minorities	.109	.154	0	.792
Globalization scale	.485	.170	.088	.935
Social globalization	.457	.210	.028	.944
Economic globalization	.491	.188	.087	.987
Political globalization	.481	.247	.016	.988
Denominational fractionalization	.448	.233	.016	.848
Number of minority religions	1.711	1.201	0	4
Democratic Conditions (Freedom House/Polity)	.055	.035	0	0.1
GDP in real \$s (logged)	8.243	1.123	5.139	11.343
Percent Catholics	26.242	33.545	0	99
Percent Orthodox	6.749	19.449	0	93
Percent Protestants	13.468	21.891	0	99
Percent Muslims	15.988	30.942	0	99
Post communist country	.160	.367	0	1
Population (logged)	8.450	2.110	1.730	14.061

All variables were coded to vary 0–1, with the exception of number of minority religions (0-4), GDP and population size (logged), and percent religious (0-100).

Table A2: Descriptive Statistics for the Mediation Analysis

	Mean	Standard Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Support for homogenous culture	.599	.277	0	1
Support for religious homogeneity	.366	.325	0	1
Opposition to religious diversity	.499	.264	0	1
Opposes globalization	.596	.177	0	1
Religiosity	.494	.294	0	1
Personal safety	.211	.408	0	1
Discriminated minority	.059	.236	0	1
Economic hardship	.421	.252	0	1
Ideology	.507	.219	0	1
Gender	.476	.499	0	1
Age	47.996	17.898	18	110
Cultural threat	.424	.247	0	1
Realistic threat	.553	.227	0	1

All variables were coded to vary 0–1, with the exception of age (in years).

Table A3: Cross-Sectional Time-Series Analysis of Predictors of Religious Freedom 1990-2002 with Additional Control Variables

	Religious legislation				Religious discrimination toward minorities			
	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV
Globalization scale	.031 (.010)***	-	-	-	.032 (.016)**	-	-	-
Social globalization	-	.012 (.007)*	.012 (.007)*	.012 (.007)*	-	.027 (.013)**	.027 (.013)**	.027 (.013)**
Economic globalization	-	.017 (.007)**	.017 (.007)**	.018 (.007)**	-	.019 (.008)**	.020 (.008)**	.021 (.009)**
Political globalization	-	.006 (.005)	.006 (.005)	.006 (.005)	-	-.006 (.005)	-.005 (.005)	-.006 (.005)
Number of minority religions	-	-	.021 (.011)**	.029 (.012)**	-	-	.022 (.010)**	.026 (.010)***
Denominational fractionalization	-.312 (.042)***	-.298 (.046)***	-.384 (.058)***	-.424 (.058)***	-.209 (.064)***	-.119 (.037)***	-.208 (.056)***	-.217 (.054)***
Democratic conditions (FH/Polity)	.017 (.025)	.014 (.030)	.014 (.030)	.023 (.031)	-.039 (.031)	-.050 (.031)	-.048 (.031)	-.064 (.030)**
GDP in real \$s (logged)	.008 (.003)**	.008 (.003)**	.008 (.003)**	.008 (.004)**	.002 (.004)	.001 (.003)	.002 (.003)	.003 (.004)
Percent Catholics	-.001 (.000)***	-.001 (.000)***	-.001 (.000)***	-.001 (.000)***	-.002 (.000)***	-.001 (.000)***	-.001 (.000)***	-.001 (.000)***
Percent Orthodox	.000 (.000)	.000 (.000)	.000 (.000)	.000 (.000)	.001 (.001)	.001 (.001)*	.001 (.000)**	.001 (.001)**
Percent Protestants	.000 (.000)	.000 (.000)	.000 (.000)	.000 (.000)	-.001 (.000)**	-.001 (.000)**	-.001 (.000)*	-.001 (.000)*
Percent Muslims	.003 (.001)***	.002 (.001)***	.002 (.001)***	.002 (.000)***	.001 (.001)*	.001 (.001)*	.001 (.001)*	.001 (.001)*
Post-communist	-.053 (.029)*	-.040 (.027)	-.039 (.026)	-.032 (.028)	.011 (.032)	.026 (.022)	.026 (.021)	.032 (.022)
Population (logged)	.005 (.003)*	.006 (.003)**	.007 (.003)**	.005 (.005)	.010 (.006)	.014 (.005)***	.015 (.005)***	.018 (.007)**
Population increase rate	-	-	-	.000 (.004)	-	-	-	-.011 (.006)*
GDP growth rate	-	-	-	.000 (.000)	-	-	-	.000 (.000)
Armed Conflicts	-	-	-	.001 (.000)	-	-	-	-.001 (.001)
Religious freedom in constitution	-	-	-	.024 (.027)	-	-	-	.006 (.032)
Migration: Muslims	-	-	-	.000 (.000)*	-	-	-	.000 (.000)**
Migration: Catholics	-	-	-	.000 (.000)***	-	-	-	.000 (.000)
Migration: Orthodox	-	-	-	.000 (.000)	-	-	-	.000 (.000)*
Migration: Protestants	-	-	-	.000 (.000)***	-	-	-	.000 (.000)
Migration: Buddhists	-	-	-	.000 (.000)	-	-	-	.000 (.000)***
Migration: Hindu	-	-	-	.000 (.000)	-	-	-	.000 (.000)
Migration: Jewish	-	-	-	.000 (.000)	-	-	-	.000 (.000)
Migration: Other	-	-	-	.000 (.000)	-	-	-	.000 (.000)
Migration: Unaffiliated	-	-	-	.000 (.000)**	-	-	-	.000 (.000)
Constant	.226 (.053)***	.195 (.063)***	.190 (.062)***	.178 (.078)**	.134 (.091)	.000 (.058)	-.011 (.060)	-.058 (.071)
N	1878	1710	1710	1666	1878	1710	1710	1666
Number of groups	147	134	134	132	147	134	134	132
Observations per group: min/avg/max	8/12.8/13	8/12.8/13	8/12.8/13	8/12.6/13	8/12.8/13	8/12.8/13	8/12.8/13	8/12.6/13

Entries are unstandardized GEE coefficients and standard errors. *** two tail 99% level of confidence, ** 95%, *90%.

Measures for additional controls:

Population increase rate is the rate of change in population between 1990 and 2000 calculated using UN data.

GDP growth rate is the rate of increase from one year to the next taken from UN statistics.

The number of armed conflicts is taken from the Uppsala Conflict Data Program (UCDP), and refers to the number of conflicts in which the government of the country is involved, including extrasystemic (conflicts occur between a state and a non-state group outside its own territory), interstate, internal, and internationalized (conflicts occur between the government of a state and internal opposition groups with intervention from other states) conflicts.

Religious freedom in the constitution is the Pew measure tapping whether the constitution includes stipulations that run counter to the concept of religious freedom (Pew Forum on Religion and Public Life, 2011).

The controls for the denominational composition of migration influx into a country (number of Muslims, Catholics, Orthodox, Protestants, Buddhists, Hindu, Jewish, other, and unaffiliated immigrants coming in the country) are taken from the Global Religion and Migration Database.